

EXTORTION CASE IS ON

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

There were one or two interesting things dropped up in the course yesterday of the trial of former Deputy Sheriff C. E. Chillingworth on the charge of extortion. This is one of the latter cases, so-called. The trial was not concluded, developing toward the close of the day into something like a search of the records of the Police Department and the Police Court for September last. The specific charge in the indictment is that Chillingworth extorted \$15 from one Tajirow Samida. The story is not a very nice one to tell, but practically as it was stated by Deputy Attorney-General Peters in his opening address, it was that Chillingworth had broken down the door of a room in which a woman was with Samida, and had compelled the payment to himself of \$15 by the man and \$10 by the woman by way of bail money. Mr. Peters also claimed that it would be shown by the police books that no record of the arrest had ever been made there.

Ukino Miyasaki, the woman in the case, was the first witness called by the prosecution, and testified that she had paid the ten dollars to Chillingworth, and that he had told her he would not take her to the station if she would do that.

A Japanese employed in a store where the woman had gone to borrow the money testified to that effect, and then Samida told his part of the story. But he created something of a sensation when, after telling it, he said he had been sent for by Shiozawa, editor of Shimpu Sha, who had taken him to Detective Hatter, to whom he had told his story.

The Japanese woman who kept the store and who loaned the money to be paid to Chillingworth testified to her part in the transaction, and then Police Clerk MacKinnon was called and produced the police arrest record book, which did not show the names of the Japanese man and woman. It did, however, among the entries made on September 13, show the names of four Japanese arrested for the same offense. Mr. Peters objected most strenuously to the bringing out of this point on cross-examination, but Attorney Thompson for Chillingworth carried his point, making the admission when the court told him that the testimony meant nothing that it would be shown that the identity of the two Japanese in the case would be shown to be covered by these four names.

District Court Clerk Zablan was called next to show that the names of the Japs did not appear in the court records, and was on the stand when court adjourned.

The following jury is trying the case before Judge De Bolt: Miles Parkhurst, Charles G. Bartlett, W. F. Macfarlane Jr., H. B. Saylor, Job Bather, W. P. Roth, Donald Ross, H. W. Green, W. L. Lytle, Frank J. Robello, James Steiner and Wm. Lono Austin.

ATTEMPT TO SAVE KAPEA.
The first move for the defense of Kapea, accused of embezzlement, has appeared in the form of an attack upon the jury law under the provisions of which the jury that indicted the man was drawn. A motion to quash the indictment was used by Henry Kapea's attorneys yesterday, and the case was set for hearing Thursday morning. The motion sets forth the following grounds of attack:
"That the grand jury which pur-

A SILLY SAYING.

"It is a common but silly opinion prevailing among a certain class of people that the worse a remedy tastes, smells or hurts, the more efficacious it is." So says a well-known English physician. He further adds: "For example, let us consider cod liver oil. As it is extracted from the fish this oil is so offensive to the taste and smell that many cannot use it at all, no matter how badly they need it. Yet cod liver oil is one of the most valuable drugs in the world and it is the greatest pity that we have not thus far been able to free it from these peculiarities which so seriously interfere with its usefulness." This was written years ago; the work of civilizing and redeeming it has since been triumphantly accomplished; and as a leading ingredient in the remedy called **WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION** the oil retains all its wonderful curative properties with no bad smell or taste whatever. It is palatable as honey and contains all the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry; creating a medicine of unequalled power for the diseases most prevalent and fatal among men, women and children. There is no other remedy to compare with it. It increases the digestive power of the stomach and in Blood Impurities, Throat and Lung Troubles, Nervous Dyspepsia and Scrofulous Affections, it gives quick and certain relief and cure. Dr. G. C. Shannon, of Canada, says: "I shall continue its use with, I am sure, great advantage to my patients and satisfaction to myself." Has all the virtues of cod liver oil; none of its faults. You may trust it fully; it cannot disappoint you. At all chemists.

ported to find and return the indictment herein was selected, drawn and impaneled under and pursuant to and by virtue of Act 35 of the Session Laws of 1903 of the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii, which said statute is unconstitutional and void because in conflict with that certain act of the Congress of the United States approved April 30, 1900, and entitled 'An Act to Provide a Government for the Territory of Hawaii,' being chapter 339 in volume 31 of the Statutes at Large of the United States of America, at page 141, and in particular in conflict with Section 83 of the said Act, in that it permits persons other than citizens of the United States to serve as grand jurors; and in this, that it permits the Jury Commissioners therein provided for to judge and determine the qualifications and eligibility of Grand Jurors by mere opinion, unregulated and uncontrolled by any rule.

"That said indictment was not found and returned by any duly constituted or qualified grand jury. And said defendant is ready to verify."

CUPID'S DRESS SUIT CASE.

Sitting as a commissioner yesterday, United States District Judge Dole began the hearing of the case of Delegate Kalaniana'ole against the Pacific Mail Steamship Company to recover heavy damages for spoiling a dress suit case belonging to the Delegate. The immediate purpose of yesterday's proceeding was to take the testimony of Captain Dixon, Purser Dennis and Baggage Steward Thorschmidt, of the Mongolia, through the carelessness of the officers of which vessel it is alleged that the suit case was spoiled. The testimony here upon the landing of the vessel made at Honolulu, upon the impracticability of entering the harbor on that particular voyage, making it necessary to land the baggage of passengers on a barge upon the manner of handling baggage between the transfer companies and the steamer, and upon the way in which luggage is collected and delivered by the ship's officers. The hearing will be resumed this morning, when other features of the case will be gone into.

COURT NOTES.

Henry Hogan has filed demurrers and motion to quash in the cases of the Japanese of Honolulu plantation, accused of conspiracy to incite to riot, in which he sets forth, first, that the indictment does not charge any offense known to the laws of the Territory, second that it charges two distinct offenses, and third that the indictment is not sufficient to apprise the defendants of what they are charged with.

W. W. Bruner has brought suit against the Kamalo Sugar Company, naming David Davison, J. Alfred Magoon and J. O. Lightfoot as garnishees, for \$540, alleged to be due on a note of December 21, 1901. The note was to the Hawaiian Carriage Company.

Judge De Bolt has appointed A. Perry and H. D. Middlemich to defend Takada, a Japanese charged with murder.

Minnie K. Buzzell has brought suit for divorce against Percy Clarence Buzzell, alleging extreme cruelty. August Dreier has begun suit in foreclosure against J. D. Holt and others for \$13,500. The suit is based on a note for the sum mentioned, dated August 9, 1901, and secured by a mortgage on real estate in and about Honolulu.

Keola (k) has brought suit for divorce from Kamaka Keola alleging desertion and adultery. The couple were married in April 1888.

The hearing of the Ballou-Parker libel suit was on before Judge Wilder yesterday. The attorneys in the case say that they have no idea when the trial will be concluded.

RENEAR TO SWIM ON ATLANTIC COAST

Dan Renear, champion swimmer of the Hawaiian Islands, departed yesterday on the Ventura for New Jersey and New York, partly on business, but largely to get in touch with swimming matches on the eastern seaboard. Renear, who has been in Honolulu for several years, has held the championship in swimming since his arrival. He was one of the prominent members of the Healan Boat Club, both as an oarsman and as a swimmer. Before that he was the star swimmer of the Lurline Baths at San Francisco and once made a tour of the mainland.

He will go first to Atlantic City where there is considerable doing every summer in aquatics, and where he hopes to enter matches. Not only there, but Renear will compete in any matches of college men that he can enter elsewhere. He will be his own manager and will announce himself as the "Champion of Hawaii." Not only the title will give him prominence, but his record will keep him in the public eye.

Wherever possible Renear will be a Promotion Committee for Hawaii. At the summer resorts he will talk Hawaii wherever he can find listeners and will distribute literature on the islands whenever a good opportunity offers.

ATKINSON WILL REACH 'FRISCO ON FRIDAY

"I will reach San Francisco on Friday." That was the substance of a dispatch received yesterday from Secretary Atkinson. The Secretary, therefore, can return home either by the China or the Alameda, both of which boats leave San Francisco on that date. This should bring him here on Friday of next week, if he gets the Alameda. And that will give Governor Carter ample time to make San Francisco in time to come back with the Taft party.

The public schools will close for the summer vacation on Friday.

SAM JOHNSON TAKES A HAND FOR A MOMENT

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

It is to laugh! The whole town was smiling yesterday at the way in which the Brown men frothed at the mouth all over the place when they happened to think of High Sheriff Henry's canvass of the men of the police force. And Mr. Brown himself posed in the Star as the apostle of high morality in the conduct of elections. This is the same Brown, who, in the last county election, on a Sunday, assembled the entire police force in the jail yard, among the petty malefactors, and instructed them to vote the straight Republican ticket. Surely it is to laugh! It was explained last night by a candidate on the Republican ticket with Brown that he gave a luanu to the men, and then talked to them. Capt. Kanoe did not say anything about the luanu when he told the story Monday night. Maybe he had forgotten it. Anyway, it does not matter whether the coercion of the men by instructions was preceded by coercion by the stomach. The luanu but made the instructions more likely to be obeyed—if there was a luanu.

SAM JOHNSON'S MEETING.

Sam Johnson conducted a daylight "Supervisor's" meeting at Kakaako yesterday afternoon, the first that he has managed during the campaign, and had about 500 men out—all voters. It has been complained that the Republican meetings have lacked force and enthusiasm since Sam went out of politics, and the Kakaako function was a demonstration that there is truth in the statement. Sam was careful to explain that his meeting was exclusively for candidates for Supervisor. Nobody else was permitted to speak, although Brown was present.

Sam said that there had been some talk to the effect that the taking over of the roads and garbage department by the county would mean that the men who had worked with him for eight years past would be thrown out, and he wanted that apprehension removed. He felt that to be his duty. Sam himself will retain his position as Territorial Road Supervisor, but he has an eye out for the interest of his men.

The Republican candidates for Supervisor, namely Adams, Lucas, G. W. Smith and Jim Quinn, were all present, and all pledged themselves to be true to the Kakaako voters. And, with that understanding, resolutions were passed favoring the straight Republican ticket for Supervisors. The men in the road and garbage departments, in fact, think that they have done a pretty good stroke of work for themselves in pledging the candidates.

PLAN CAMPAIGN FOR HIGH SHERIFF HENRY

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

A meeting of leading supporters of High Sheriff Henry was held at the rooms in the Cartwright building, on Merchant street, last night, at which plans were laid for an active canvass of the Island of Oahu. There will be workers in every precinct, and a thorough and systematic campaign will be undertaken.

After the preliminaries had been arranged, the meeting, which was a crowded one, was addressed by a number of speakers, in Hawaiian and English, and the utmost enthusiasm was manifested. Among those who spoke, a most favorable impression was created by Joseph J. Fern, the man chosen by the Civic Federation to best Jim Quinn for Supervisor. Fern, contrary to the report printed in the Star the other day, is still most enthusiastically in the race and will remain in it until the day of election. And then he will be a supervisor. There is, in fact, much more earnestness in this Fern matter than some people have affected to think. Fern was chosen to make the race in answer to a sentiment in favor of right thinking and speaking that is very strong among his people.

FERN MAKES A TALK.

"I am a Republican and a member of the Republican county committee," said Mr. Fern, speaking to the gentlemen present, "but when the head of the ticket puts himself in opposition to the Republican head of the Territory, the head of the party in fact, I no longer consider myself bound to support Brown. And as to Quinn, I do not see how any Republican can support a man who would make the kind of appeal that he did to the voters, who would use the words that he did to the voters. The man who would do that is not a Republican."

"The Hawaiians are a Christian people, trying to live a moral life and standing for what is best in morality and religion. Mr. Quinn would not have made that talk to an audience of white men. It is an insult to the Hawaiians that he should have addressed an appeal of that kind to them."

THE WRONG TAIL.

"Carter is the head of the Republican party, and the head of the state," said W. C. Achi. "Brown is trying to make himself the tail of this animal. Now, Henry is also a candidate for the tail. Well, if you make Brown the tail, you will have an animal whereof the head will not agree with the tail, and that animal will not amount to much. But, if you make Henry the tail, the parts will be harmonious, and

MEETINGS AT PALAMA.

The Republican management committed the error for a second time last night of having a meeting under the banyan tree at Palama at the same time that the Fusionists were holding a meeting about a block away. Really, they should not do that. Because it knocks the spots out of all their attempts to scare the voters into a belief that there is any danger of Home Rule supremacy. How can they manage to make a scarecrow, that is entirely willing, do any work for its creators when they persist in hitting the poor thing in the solar plexus every chance they get?

There was not a big crowd, and not a lot of enthusiasm at the meeting under the banyan tree—but there was not any bigger crowd nor any more enthusiasm at the other. Indeed, the crowd was hardly as big—although a number of voters who turned out apparently only to be amused kept drifting from one meeting to the other, and back again, and so it was hard to tell. A lot of boys and Chinamen and Japs were doing the same thing. Maybe there were a couple of hundred voters at the Republican meeting. The light was bad, and it was hard to tell. The candidates were all on hand, and Quinn made a long spiel but was not, perhaps, in his best vein of humor. Maybe the wedge he made at Sam Johnson's Kakaako meeting has toned down his exuberance. G. W. Smith made a speech and was well received.

The Republicans also held a meeting at Alca last night, several of the county candidates going down in an auto with the intention of coming back in time for the meeting under the banyan tree.

CHINESE VOTERS FOR BROWN.

One of the evening organs gives publicity to this bit, which sheds a sort of twilight upon the campaign.

"Wm. H. Crawford gives the story of an interesting episode in the present campaign. Senator Achi and Crawford met at Y. Anin's office, where Achi was trying to persuade those present to vote for Wm. Henry as County Sheriff. Crawford, on the other hand, told them to vote for Brown. He states that the 400 Chinese voters here will vote practically unanimously for Brown. The Chinese Republican Club will hold a mass meeting at the rooms of the United Chinese Society tomorrow at 7:30 p. m. for the purpose of endorsing Brown's candidacy."

That is an interesting episode, too, all things considered. It may even grow in interest. Because, there are limitless possibilities in that sort of thing.

the animal will do some good work."

Robert M. Boyd said that Brown's campaign was distinctly anti-Republican, because he was opposing himself to the head of the Republican party in the Territory. And Mr. Boyd likewise dwelt at length upon the insult Quinn had put upon the Hawaiians in making the appeal that he did in his notorious Kakaako speech.

Papalimu followed along the same lines, speaking strongly for the high moral sense and religious feeling of the Hawaiians, and W. R. Castle also addressed the meeting.

The new headquarters will be in charge of Ed. Towse, who is to have the active management of High Sheriff Henry's campaign.

THE BOMER MARSH BANKRUPTCY CASE

One of the largest bankruptcy cases ever noted in the United States District Court was recorded yesterday in the clerk's office. The petition was presented to Clerk Manley by the bankrupt, Homer T. Marsh, in person. He said he had gone to a lawyer for the purpose of having the petition drawn, but as the lawyer wanted a fee of \$100, he determined to typewrite the petition himself, which he had done very neatly and correctly. The amount of his liability is \$228,897, the greater part of which is unsecured. The assets are \$35,000, consisting of 350 shares of the capital stock of the Hawaiian Supply Company, Limited. There are two other items of assets amounting to \$300.

The petition recites that the Hawaiian Supply Company, Limited, made an assignment for the benefit of creditors in 1903; that the petitioner subscribed \$75,000 to the capital stock, of which he paid in \$43,000, thus leaving him liable within the amount of his liability" as a stockholder.

The creditors for sums of more than \$1000 each are as follows: Melle E. Hutace, Honolulu, \$5500; William R. Castle, Honolulu, \$5000; American Type Foundry, San Francisco, \$1338—all secured.

The unsecured are G. W. Reynolds Company, San Francisco, \$7000; G. M. Norton, San Francisco, \$3500; F. D. Greany, San Francisco, \$2100; Whitney & Marsh, Limited, of Honolulu, \$1000; Hawaiian Supply Company, Limited, Honolulu, balance on subscription to its capital stock, \$3200; J. W. Butler Paper

Company, Chicago, \$6561; American Type Founders Company, San Francisco, \$2191; Fitzgerald Trunk Company, Chicago, \$2500; Honolulu & Hawaiian Paper Company, Limited (a bankrupt), \$45,000; J. W. Butler Paper Company and the Union Trust Company of Chicago, \$5000; Fitzgerald Trunk Company and National Bank of North America, Chicago, \$3000; Standard Sanitary Manufacturing Company, Pittsburgh, \$3500; John Emmeluth, Honolulu, \$13,600; Emmeluth & Co., Limited, \$3600; Bishop & Co., Honolulu, \$20,000; J. W. Butler Paper Company and Union Trust Company, Chicago, \$1877.

The assets consist of 250 shares of Hawaiian Supply Company, Limited, stock (hypothecated to S. M. Damon and Melle E. Hutace), \$35,000; Sanitary Steam Laundry Company, Limited, two shares, \$100; two shares of Whitney & Marsh, Limited, stock, \$200.

Marsh kept a paper warehouse at Honolulu and handled large quantities of stock. He was also connected with other business enterprises. He describes himself as a commercial traveler and resident of San Francisco.—Call.

SARGENT HERE TO INSPECT STATION

Frank P. Sargent, United States Commissioner of Immigration of Washington, D. C., arrived yesterday on the Mongolia to inspect the local station just erected, and to look into the immigration problem. The agitation on the Pacific Coast against the Japanese invasion brought Mr. Sargent to San Francisco, and by the same token, his mission to Honolulu was to be to pick up the frazzle ends of the same momentous question. He is quartered at the Alexander Young Hotel during his stay.

The distinguished visitor was brought ashore yesterday morning in the customs launch, and he at once began to look over the immigration station. In company with F. M. Bechtel, in charge of the local station, he went through the detention sheds where a number of Japanese and other immigrants just landed from the steamship Doric, were held.

The appearance of the new immigration building pleased him. The building was one of the monuments to his efforts to get a proper station for Hawaii.

As to the Japanese leaving Honolulu, Mr. Sargent said he was surprised to learn that so many were leaving Honolulu for the coast. The Californians were raising a protest against it.

LILUOKALANI ON HER WAY HOME

Former Queen Liliuokalani arrived in San Francisco last night from Washington, where she has been attending to some of her claims against the United States Government, and registered at the St. Francis. The ex-Queen was accompanied by her suit, secretary and maid. Miss Maile Heleluhe, John D. Aimoku and Joseph K. Aea were registered as accompanying the former ruler of the islands.

The former Queen will remain in San Francisco until the sailing of the next steamer for her native land, when she will depart for Honolulu. Nothing could be ascertained regarding the outcome of her visit to Washington, but it is understood that she will return again in the winter and continue her efforts to obtain recognition to her claim to the crown lands in Hawaii.—Chronicle.

NEWSPAPER PLANT ON CARS

Daily Is Issued from a Special Seat Out by Indian Territory Citizens.

Tulsa, I. T.—What to do with a hundred million cubic feet of natural gas, hundreds of acres of undeveloped coal fields, and other resources has been a problem for Tulsa to solve.

At a meeting recently held a hundred men volunteered to make an advertising trip through several states in the east and assist in the colonization of this rapidly developing country, and for that purpose have chartered a special train and in a few days will invade the crowded districts of the United States.

An entire train of sleepers and parlor cars has been secured. This train will carry the party through Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Iowa and Missouri.

A baggage car has been fitted up as a newspaper office, and for the first time in the history of newspaperdom a daily paper will be issued on a train. Each town or city visited will get an edition of the Daily Record, which will be filled with information of the country it represents, besides furnishing information as to the cause of the trip.

A brass band of 50 pieces will be with the train, and in an ordinary day coach, with seats removed, will be an exhibit of the natural resources of the country surrounding Tulsa.

The old theory that the apparent enlargement of sun and moon near the horizon is due to comparison with terrestrial objects has long been unfashionable. It is now explained as a result of some peculiarity of the eye which accounts also for the late determination that the shape of the sky is a horizontally widened convexity, with a singular depression in the zenith.

Inquiry in regard to the statement of liabilities of Homer T. Marsh, copied from the San Francisco Call, elicited from one of the banks in the city that, as far as they were concerned, there was no such amount due to them as here stated. Most of the liabilities here appear to have been incurred by the Hawaiian Supply Company, of which Marsh was president.

RAILROADS WILL HELP

"If we secure a third of what was promised to us in the way of free publicity for the Hawaiian Islands, we will have exceeded our most sanguine expectations."

E. M. Boyd, Secretary of the Hawaii Promotion Committee, returned on the Mongolia yesterday, and gave the above as a concrete expression of the results of his trip across the mainland.

When Mr. Boyd left Honolulu several weeks ago it was under instructions to call upon the passenger officials of all the leading railways and lay before them the fact that although they had tickets on sale for all Pacific Ocean points, they did not advertise the fact steadily. Mr. Boyd approached the railroad officials, working first in the west, including St. Louis, Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul, and then passing east through Chicago, Cincinnati, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York, and finally into New England, and on his way back at Washington, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Denver, Salt Lake, Portland, San Francisco and Los Angeles.

After an interview with C. H. Crane, passenger manager of the Wabash road, that official called in his advertising man. He asked Mr. Boyd for pictures of Hawaii and he would print and see that a suitable variety of matter showing the attractions of the islands were issued. He was met with uniform courtesy by railroad officials. Most of them expressed the sentiment that as Hawaii promotion work had been worked up on proper methods and had been carried along almost entirely without their help, they were ready now to get in and help.

The July issue of the Grand Trunk folder is to have paragraphs about Hawaii and the sailing schedules of the Pacific steamers calling at Honolulu. This will be the first time an eastern railroad has ever done anything of this kind.

The Canadian Pacific is especially interested in the development of Pacific traffic and Mr. Boyd supplied the company with photographs and information about the islands. One of their handsome booklets, devoted entirely to Hawaii, will be issued in September.

As indicative of the friendly feeling toward Hawaii, nothing was more convincing than the action of E. A. Ford, G. P. A. of the Pennsylvania lines. Calling his advertising man in while Mr. Boyd was present, he asked whether or not any mention was made in the west-bound folders of the Pacific traffic. When told that there was none, he remarked: "It is always a good time in the present to break a bad habit. Please see hereafter that attention is called in all west-bound folders to the fact that our agents will sell tickets to Hawaii and other points in the Pacific."

After devoting his attention to eastern railroads, Mr. Boyd went to Chicago and got in touch with all the railroads centering there, Minnesota, and Michigan railroad officials, learning how much of the travel to Hawaii had come from their districts, announced their intention to give Hawaii a good showing.

Perhaps nothing in connection with this journey was more pleasing to Mr. Boyd than the opportunity to meet men who showed interest in the future of the Pacific—newspaper and magazine people. He met them in New York in the office of Mr. Seaman, the great advertising manager, who represents the Hawaii Promotion Committee in the eastern states. There were gathered in his private office at luncheon time prominent men in the newspaper and magazine field, including Dr. Lyman Abbott and his son, the editors of Outlook and Scribners, Sunday editors of New York papers and magazine writers. Mr. Seaman's wide personal acquaintance has been of great benefit to Hawaii.

One of the direct results of these meetings was the publication of a number of articles, as for instance in the last number of Public Opinion one entitled "Hawaii, the Key of the Pacific." The Sunday editor of the New York Herald asked for photographs of Hawaii to illustrate two full page stories on Hawaii, one preliminary to the coming of the Taft party, and the other what the Taft party saw here.

There was one departure in the trip made by Mr. Boyd. At Dayton, Ohio, he visited the works of the National Cash Register Company, at the request of J. A. M. Johnson of Honolulu, and was asked to give a lecture on Hawaii to the employees. It was to have been given at the luncheon hour, but the managers changed the time. Immediately after luncheon, the heads of all departments were called to the lecture room, where for an hour and a quarter Mr. Boyd talked of Hawaii. It was mainly a conversation, for it was a constant reply to inquiries about the islands. The lecture is to appear in the company's trade publication, which is distributed wherever the company has a branch. There were 250 people present.

CONTRACTED NEURALGIA DURING THE WAR

"I had a bad case of neuralgia, which I contracted during the war. I tried several kinds of medicine but they did me no good until a friend of mine recommended Chamberlain's Pain Balm which gave me immediate relief. I have had no trouble since and must say that I find Chamberlain's Pain Balm a fine liniment. I have since used it for other troubles and always with good results."—J. Vilken, Jacobsdal, Transvaal. For sale by all Dealers and Druggists. Benson Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

Senator Hewitt, almost the last of the outer island statesmen to leave, departed for Kau yesterday.